

Agent-based modeling of environmentally-induced migration

Translating local case study knowledge to larger scales



Source: Lisa Garbe

Jule Thober (née Schulze)

Helmholtz Centre for Environmental Research - UFZ, Department of Computational Landscape Ecology, Leipzig, Germany

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Workshop M4: Opportunities and challenges for transferability methods in the field of climate-migration studies



What is agent-based modelling?

Agent-based models (ABMs) are simulation models that help us to understand...

"...how macro phenomena are emerging from micro level behaviour among a heterogeneous set of interacting agents." (Holland 1992)

Micro-level:

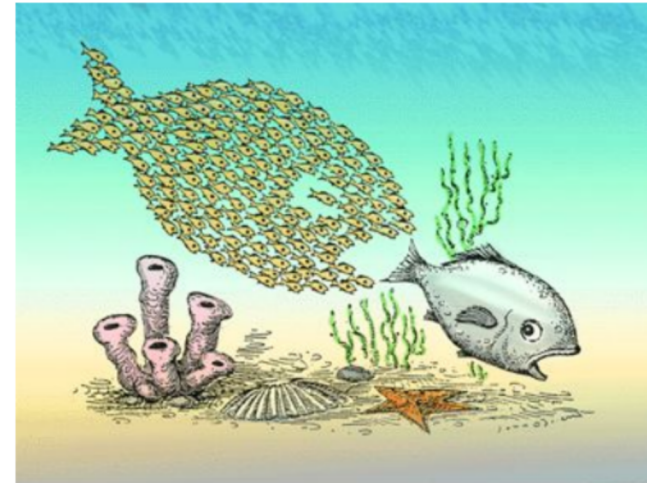
- Agents (e.g. individuals, households) follow decision rules
- Characteristics: heterogeneity, interaction, learning

Macro-level:

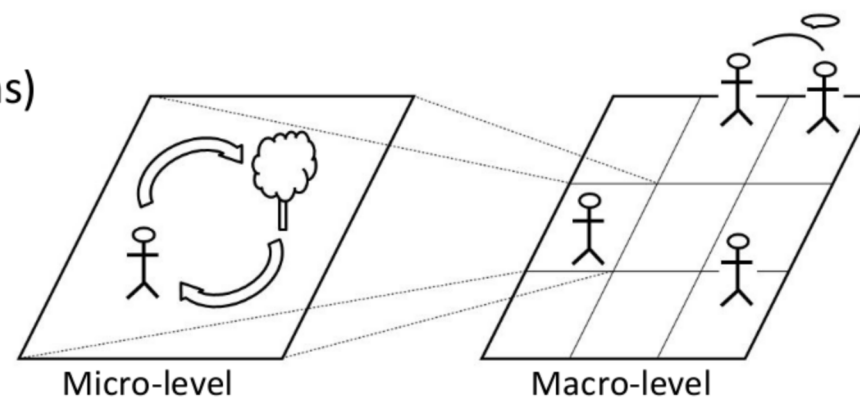
- Emergence of patterns (e.g. land use patterns)

Model purposes:

- System understanding, decision support, prediction



www.OpenABM.org



Potential of ABMs for studying social-ecological systems

Strengths of ABMs:

- Feedbacks between social & ecological systems
- Temporal dynamics -> Comparison of potential future scenarios
- Spatial heterogeneity

Use as virtual laboratory (Dibble 2006):

- Mechanistic understanding of processes
- Learning without consequences that enables the evaluation of policies
- Generic or adjustable model rules enable insights into more than one study region

Applications:

- Land use/land cover change (Groeneveld et al. 2017)
- Ecosystem and environmental management (Le Page et al. 2013)
- Migration (e.g. urban-urban by Buchmann et al. 2016, environmentally-induced rural migration by Kniveton et al. 2011)

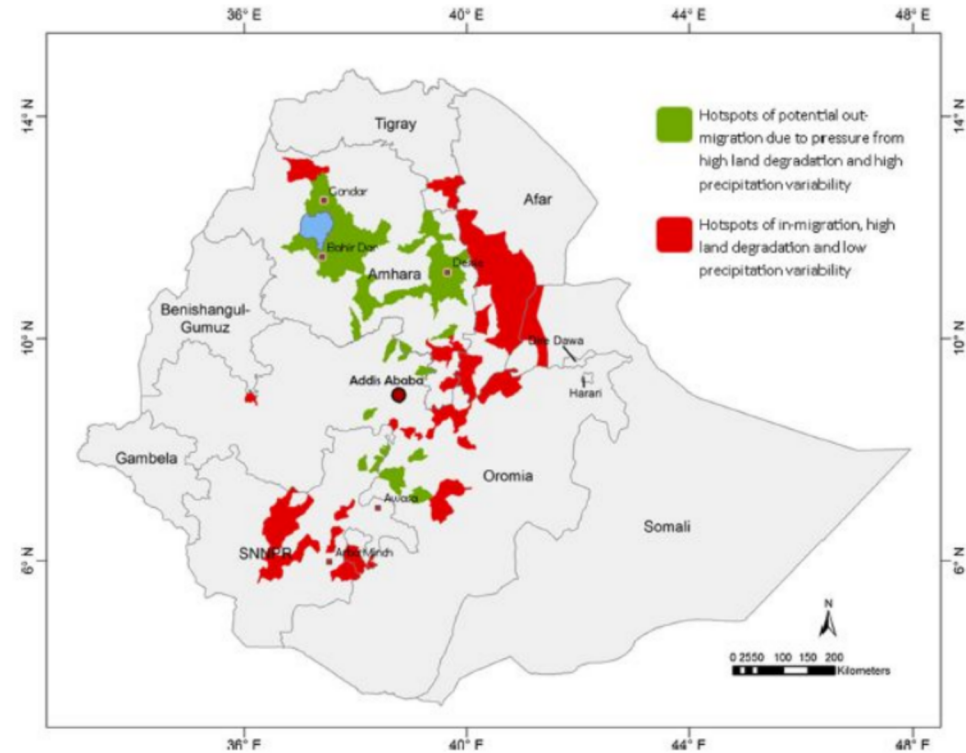
An ABM of environmentally-induced migration

Case study: Ethiopia



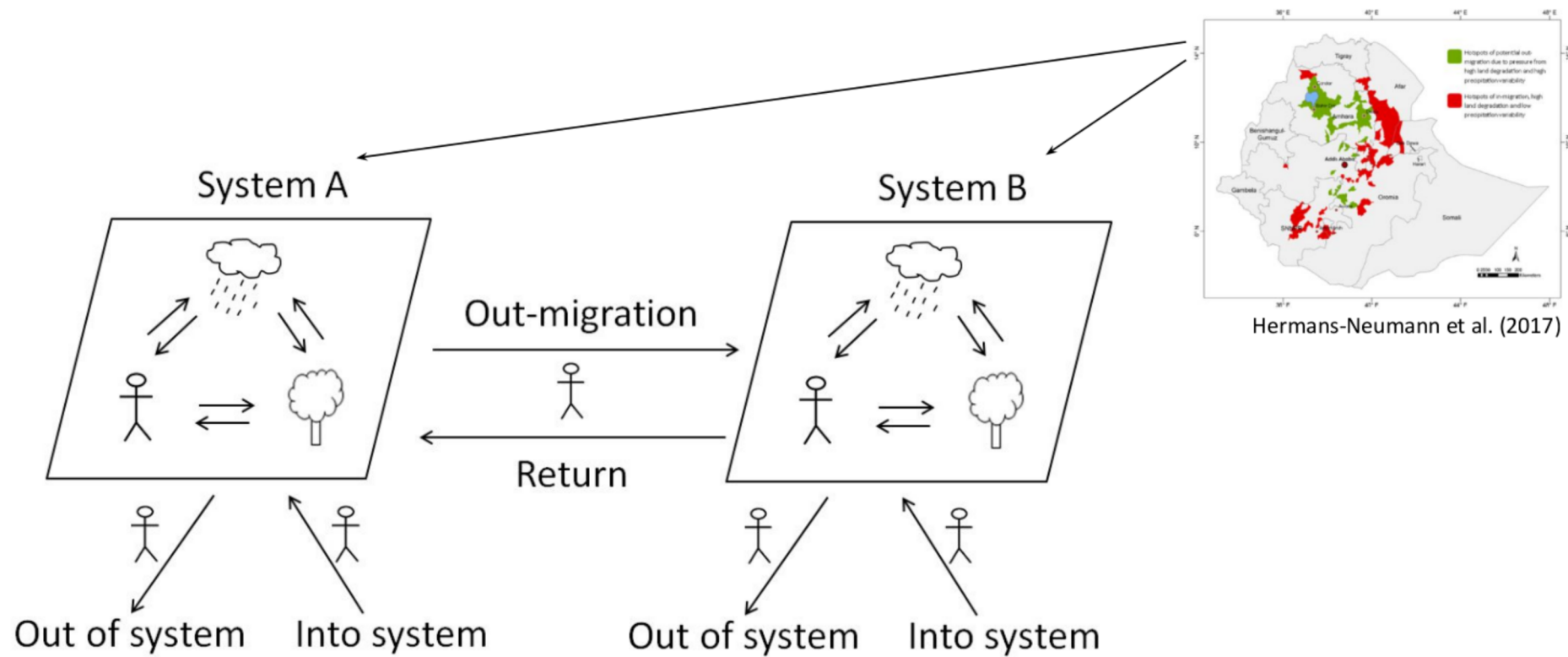
Photo: Lisa Garbe

- Precipitation decreases
 - Intensity of droughts increases
 - Land degradation
 - Population increases
- **Food insecurity & human migration**



Source: Hermans-Neumann et al. (2017)

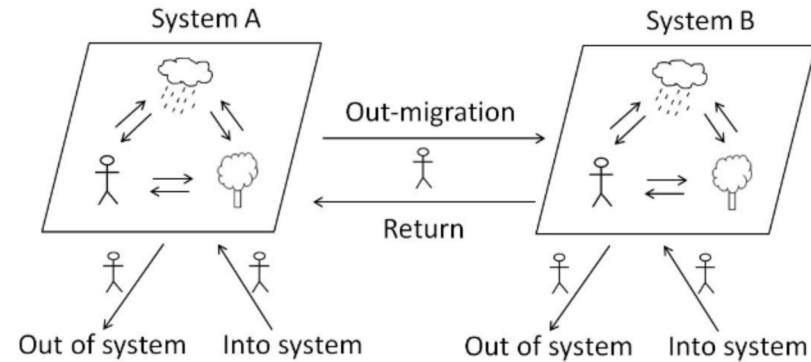
An ABM of environmentally-induced migration



Aim of the model:

- based on project results from meta-analysis & empirical fieldwork
- study interplay of multiple migration drivers
- study social-ecological impacts of environmentally-induced migration

THANK YOU FOR YOUR ATTENTION!



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Contact: jule.thober@ufz.de



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Limits and challenges of ABMs

- **Area of tension: model vs. reality**
 - Strong simplifications are needed
 - Not all important relationships can be formalized
 - Validation, parameterization, analysis of complex models often difficult
- **Models = “black box” → low trust?**
 - Methodological standards partly missing or not used widely
 - Time intensive model analysis needed
 - “You only get out, what you put into the model”



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Very important to communicate the limits and the assumptions of modelling!

Appendix

Transferability

